



BUNDESGESELLSCHAFT
FÜR ENDLAGERUNG

Anlage 5 (zum Datenbericht Mindestanforderungen gemäß § 23 StandAG und geowissenschaftlichen Abwägungskriterien gemäß § 24 StandAG)

Schichtenverzeichnis Bohrung Broistedt 2

Stand 21.09.2020

Hinweis:

Vorliegender Datenbericht zeigt alle entscheidungserheblichen Daten, die mit Stand 07.09.2020 gemäß den Regelungen und Verfahren nach dem Geologiedatengesetz veröffentlicht werden können. Siehe auch BGE 2020I Teil 3 von 4.

Entscheidungserhebliche Daten und Tatsachen für die geowissenschaftlichen Abwägungskriterien

Die Veröffentlichung von entscheidungserheblichen Tatsachen und Erwägungen, hier geologische Daten, erfolgt nach dem Gesetz zur staatlichen geologischen Landesaufnahme sowie zur Übermittlung, Sicherung und öffentlichen Bereitstellung geologischer Daten und zur Zurverfügungstellung geologischer Daten zur Erfüllung öffentlicher Aufgaben (Geologiedatengesetz – GeolDG).

Das GeolDG löst das Lagerstättengesetz ab und nach § 1 GeolDG (GeolDG) regelt es die staatliche geologische Landesaufnahme, die Übermittlung, die dauerhafte Sicherung und die öffentliche Bereitstellung geologischer Daten sowie die Zurverfügungstellung geologischer Daten zur Erfüllung öffentlicher Aufgaben, um den nachhaltigen Umgang mit dem geologischen Untergrund gewährleisten und Geogefahren erkennen und bewerten zu können. Geologische Daten werden insbesondere auch für das Standortauswahlverfahren nach dem Standortauswahlgesetz (StandAG) benötigt.

Das GeolDG trat mit dem 30.06.2020 in Kraft, so dass seitens der BGE, den Landesministerien und Landesbehörden ab diesem Zeitpunkt mit den Verfahren nach dem GeolDG zur Kategorisierung und öffentlichen Bereitstellung geologischer Daten begonnen werden konnte. Die erforderlichen Verfahren waren aufgrund ihres Umfangs nicht in dem bis zur Veröffentlichung bestehenden Zeitraum umzusetzen. Insofern werden nach dem 28.09.2020 weitere geologische Daten veröffentlicht werden. Die Veröffentlichung erfolgt mit Hilfe einer Revision des vorliegenden Datenberichtes. Dabei werden die bisher im vorliegenden Bericht weiß abgedeckten Bereiche nicht weiter abgedeckt, sondern die „darunter liegenden“ Daten sichtbar gemacht.

Mit diesen Anlagen sind der untersetzenden Unterlage (BGE 2020I) die entscheidungserheblichen Daten zu den Mindestanforderungen und geowissenschaftlichen Abwägungskriterien angefügt. Die darin angegebenen Koordinaten beziehen sich dabei immer auf die den identifizierten Gebieten und Teilgebieten zugrundeliegenden Daten und beschreiben damit nicht zwingend das Teilgebiet selbst.





The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry, no matter how small, should be recorded to ensure the integrity of the financial statements. This includes not only sales and purchases but also expenses and income. The document also highlights the need for regular reconciliation of accounts to identify any discrepancies early on.

In the second part, the author provides a detailed breakdown of the accounting cycle. It starts with identifying the accounts affected by a transaction and then moves through the steps of journalizing, posting, and balancing. The document explains how each step contributes to the overall accuracy of the accounting system and how it helps in the preparation of financial statements.

The third section focuses on the classification of accounts. It distinguishes between assets, liabilities, and equity accounts, and provides examples of each. The document also discusses the importance of understanding the normal balances for each type of account and how they affect the accounting equation.

Finally, the document concludes with a summary of the key points discussed. It reiterates the importance of accuracy, regular reconciliation, and a clear understanding of the accounting cycle and account classification. The author encourages readers to apply these principles consistently to ensure the reliability of their financial records.

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Next, the document outlines the process of reconciling bank statements with the company's records. This involves comparing the bank's record of transactions with the company's ledger to identify any discrepancies. Common reasons for discrepancies include timing differences, such as deposits in transit or outstanding checks, as well as errors in recording or bank charges.

The document then addresses the issue of controlling inventory. It suggests implementing a system of periodic physical counts to verify the accuracy of the inventory records. This helps in identifying shrinkage, theft, or errors in recording. Additionally, it recommends using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method for valuing inventory to ensure that the cost of goods sold reflects the actual cost of the items sold.

Finally, the document discusses the importance of maintaining up-to-date financial statements. It stresses that these statements are essential for management decision-making, as they provide a clear picture of the company's financial health. Regularly updating the balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement allows management to identify trends, assess performance, and make informed decisions about the future of the business.



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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are poor has increased. The number of people living on less than \$1 a day has increased from 1.2 billion in 1981 to 1.5 billion in 1998.

There are a number of reasons why the number of people who are poor has increased. One reason is that the world's population has increased. In 1981, there were about 5 billion people in the world. In 1998, there were about 6 billion people in the world. This means that there are more people in the world who are poor.

Another reason why the number of people who are poor has increased is that the world's economy has not grown fast enough. In 1981, the world's economy was growing at about 2% per year. In 1998, the world's economy was growing at about 1% per year. This means that the world's economy is not growing fast enough to create enough jobs for all the people in the world.

A third reason why the number of people who are poor has increased is that the world's resources are being used up. In 1981, the world's resources were being used up at about 1% per year. In 1998, the world's resources were being used up at about 2% per year. This means that the world's resources are being used up faster than they are being replaced.

There are a number of things that can be done to reduce the number of people who are poor. One thing that can be done is to increase the world's economy. This can be done by increasing trade and investment. Another thing that can be done is to conserve the world's resources. This can be done by using resources more efficiently and by developing new technologies.

It is important to reduce the number of people who are poor because poverty is a major cause of social and economic problems. Poor people are more likely to be ill, to be unemployed, and to live in slums. They are also more likely to be involved in crime and to be abused by their families.

There are a number of organizations that are working to reduce the number of people who are poor. One of these organizations is the World Bank. The World Bank provides loans and technical assistance to poor countries. Another organization is the International Labour Organization. The ILO works to improve working conditions and to create jobs for poor people.

There are a number of things that you can do to help reduce the number of people who are poor. One thing you can do is to donate money to one of the organizations mentioned above. Another thing you can do is to volunteer your time.

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Another thing you can do is to volunteer your time. There are a number of organizations that need volunteers. One of these organizations is the Red Cross. The Red Cross provides humanitarian aid to people in need. Another organization is the World Food Programme. The WFP provides food to poor people.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 400 million to 600 million.

There are a number of reasons for this. One is that the population of the world is growing. Another is that the number of people who are illiterate is increasing in many of the developing countries. This is because of a number of factors, including a lack of access to education, a lack of resources, and a lack of political will.

One of the main reasons for the increase in illiteracy is the lack of access to education. In many developing countries, there are not enough schools, and the quality of education is poor. This means that many children do not go to school, and those who do often do not learn to read and write.

Another reason for the increase in illiteracy is the lack of resources. In many developing countries, there is a lack of money to invest in education. This means that there are not enough teachers, and the schools are often overcrowded. This makes it difficult for children to learn.

A third reason for the increase in illiteracy is the lack of political will. In many developing countries, the government does not prioritize education. This means that there is not enough money spent on education, and the quality of education is poor. This makes it difficult for children to learn.

There are a number of ways to reduce the number of illiterate people in the world. One way is to increase access to education. This can be done by building more schools, and by improving the quality of education. Another way is to increase resources for education. This can be done by increasing the amount of money spent on education, and by recruiting more teachers. A third way is to increase political will. This can be done by making education a priority for the government.

It is important to reduce the number of illiterate people in the world. This is because illiteracy is a major barrier to development.

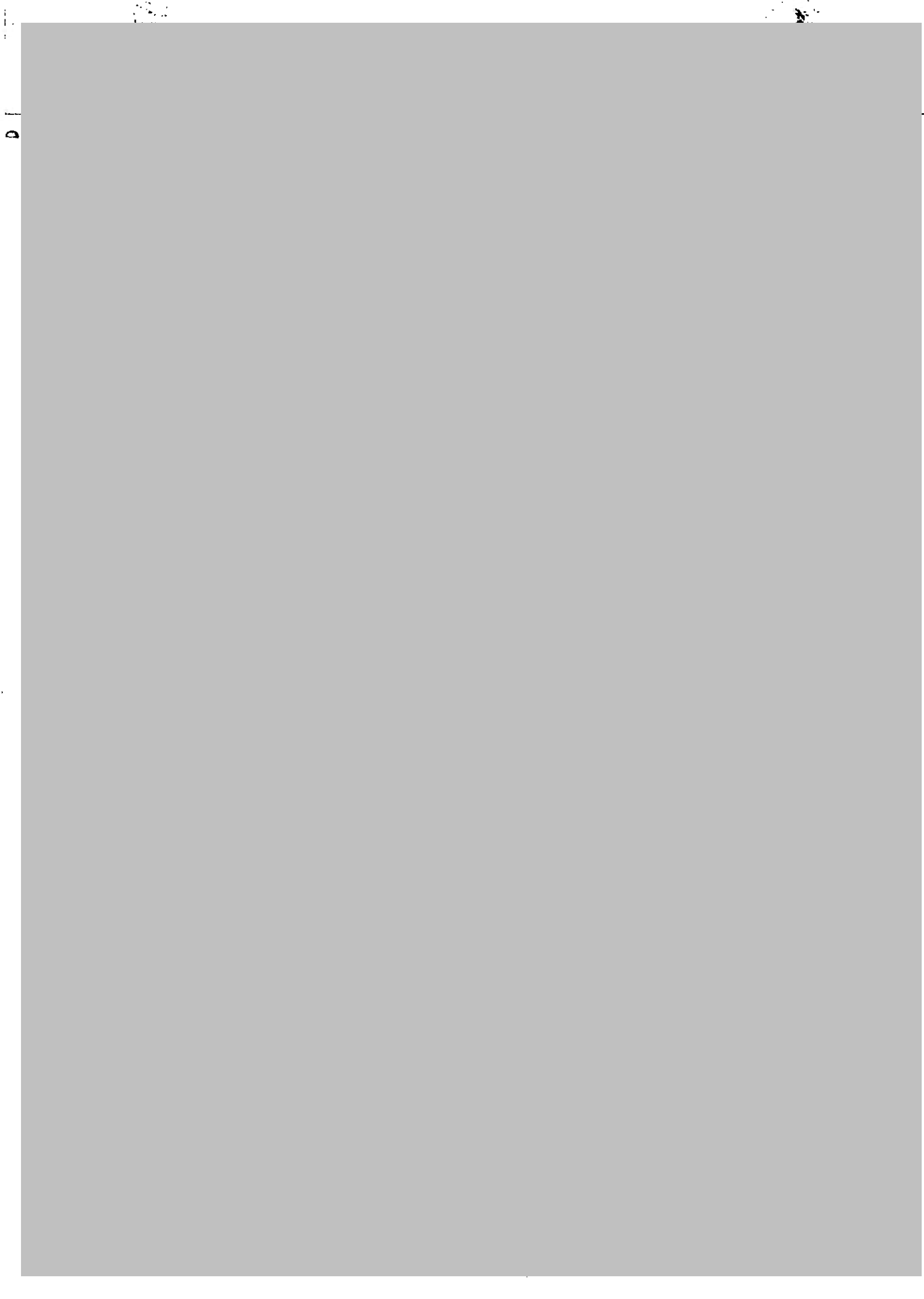
Illiterate people are unable to read and write, which makes it difficult for them to find work, to access services, and to participate in society. This means that they are often poor and marginalized. Reducing the number of illiterate people can help to reduce poverty and improve the quality of life in developing countries.

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